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Research Ethics

Syllabus

- Philosophy and Ethics
- Moral Conduct in Research
- Publication Ethics, Plagiarism
- Self-Plagiarism
- Open Access Publishing
- Green Open Access
- Introduction of Publisher's Ethical Councils
- Consequences of Misconduct

Outcomes of Research Ethics Short Term Program

- Integrity: Research ethics emphasizes the importance of honesty and transparency in research. Practicing integrity means being truthful, accountable, and adhering to ethical standards.
- Responsibility: Researchers have a responsibility to ensure that their research is conducted ethically, with the best interests of participants, animals, and the environment in mind.
- Critical thinking: Research ethics requires researchers to think critically and evaluate the ethical implications of their research. This skill can be applied to other areas of life, such as decision making and problem-solving.
- Communication: Researchers must communicate their research findings accurately and honestly, and also communicate any potential risks or benefits to participants, colleagues, and the public. Effective communication is a valuable skill in all areas of life.
- Empathy: Research ethics requires researchers to consider the impact of their research on participants and the wider community. Practicing empathy means being able to understand and share the feelings of others, and this skill can help individuals build better relationships with others.
- Self-reflection: Researchers must constantly reflect on their own biases, values, and assumptions. This self-reflection can help individuals become more self-aware, open-minded, and empathetic.

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